

## ADVERTISING RATES.

OFFICE IN TRIMMEL'S BLOCK,  
at the West corner of Main and Pikes.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

For one year to and at the time of so settling the Bill, for six months, &c., &c., &c.	\$1.00
Each additional six months.	.25
Three months,	.50
Six months,	.75
One year,	1.00
Announcing a candidate for office, money in advance, 1.00	
General advertisements to be paid for in advance, as follows:	
Classified, at prices that will make you think this market cheaper than Cincinnati, at .10 per line per week.	
Liberal discount made on yearly advertising ments longer than one square	

A. J. MORSE Proprietor.

## Miscellaneous.

From the Boston American Patriot.

HENRY ST. JOHN  
—OR THE—

TRUE AMERICAN.  
A SKETCH OF THE LOUISVILLE MASSACRE.  
BY J. G. BELDEN.  
CHAPTER I.

THE MERCHANT AND CLERK.

HENRY ST. JOHN, at the opening of our story, was employed as a leading clerk in a magnificent dry-goods establishment in the city of Louisville. The peculiar circumstances of his situation rendered it impolite in him to express his opinion upon the all-absorbing question of politics. But nevertheless, his sympathies were earnestly enlisted in the cause of liberty, and the maintenance of the principles advocated by Washington, in the days of '76; and by Houston, Broome, Whiting, Ely, Brooks, and many others, preparatory to the revolution of '56 which is rapidly approaching.

Henry St. John was a person, which, if once seen, is not easily forgotten. His complexion was rather dark than otherwise, his hair and eyes were of jetty blackness, and his whole countenance bespoke good nature and intelligence.

On the 5th day of July, 1855. Henry St. John was in the counting room of his employer—a look of anxiety rested upon his brow as he sat awaiting the entrance of some one, which his easy glance at the door from time to time, showed he was expecting.

In a short time a gentleman entered and seated himself by the side of Henry, addressed him as follows:

"Henry, I have been informed from a reliable source, that you allowed your passion to get the better of your discretion, and indulge in a street brawl, which cannot but bring disgrace to yourself, and discredit to my establishment, if I allow it to pass unheeded."

This was spoken in a high degree of excitement, which did not tend to decrease the irritated feelings of the clerk.

"Sir, you do me wrong," replied Henry, in a firm tone of voice, "I was quietly walking with your daughter; I did not resent the insult until it was repeated; it was more than human forbearance could endure; they had insulted your daughter, as well as myself, and the man would be a pittoresque, a coward, a despicable being, indeed, to allow the outrage to pass unnoticed."

"Your conduct as a clerk of mine is inexcusable. It will cost me a quarter of my custom if I retain you in my service; there is a general ill-feeling prevalent among the foreign portion of our customers, many of whom I encountered on my way here this morning."

"Mr. Wilton, as much as I respect you as a gentleman, a benefactor, a kind friend, and the father of one whom I love better than life itself, I consider it my duty to speak plainly, and unservingly. In regard to my inexcusable conduct, as you see fit to term it, I have nothing to say, but relating to your retaining me in your service, in the first place, if I am to sacrifice my honor, submit to insults without number, be trodden upon, and scoffed, and jeered at in the streets of my native city by imported criminals, outlaws and malefactors, as the price of my retention, then I will go, I hold that man has higher nobler duty than enslaving himself to the earthly god, money. I claim as my birthright, the freedom of speech, freedom of thought, and the right of self protection."

In delivering these words, his fine countenance assumed an expression of enthusiastic delight which speedily gave way to that of solemnity as he continued:

"My country, O, my country! my heart bleeds for thee and thine. Thy foundation that was laid by the wisdom of a Washington, a Jefferson, a Hancock and an Adams, and cemented with the blood of a Warren and others, I fear is fast decaying and crumbling away under the rapid strokes of Papal and Jesuitical policy."

"Mr. Wilton," he suddenly exclaimed, "excuse this expression of my feelings, for I cannot suppress them."

"Henry, I am surprised at such language, and more so, from one I supposed endowed with a spirit of forgiveness, and who views the worshippers of every creed with due respect, and was at war with none."

"Mr. Wilton, you misunderstand me; I am not against the Roman Catholic religion, as such, but its supreme power over the laws of our country which is often boasted of by the minions of a papal tyrant."

"I suppose you will allow that the so-called Know Nothings has established, as a part of its creed, eternal warfare, or rather enmity to Romanism."

"It has, or it has not. It has if Romanism is allowed to wield the sceptre of temporality, and strikes at the very heart of our institutions and aims a death blow at our liberties by suppression of speech, thought and action. It has not if Romanism quietly conforms to our laws and remains contended with the privilege of worshipping God according to their consciences."

"Very well, Henry, we entertain different opinions as regards the affairs of

## THE CYNTHIANA NEWS.

DEVOTED TO POLITICS, NEWS, LITERATURE, EDUCATION, &c.

VOLUME 6.

CYNTHIANA, KY., THURSDAY, MAY 22, 1856.

NUMBER 33.

yesterday; we will let the subject rest for a day or two, and now to business."

## CHAPTER II.

## THE LOVERS.

Fanny Wilton was the only child of the wealthy merchant mentioned in the preceding chapter. Reared as she was in the lap of affluence, and surrounded by all the elegance that boundless wealth could command, it would naturally occur to the imagination of the reader that her disposition and habits were not congenial with those who were her inferiors in point of wealth and elegance. On the contrary, her greatest happiness consisted in administering to the wants of the poor and needy, watching by the bedside of the sick and suffering, soothing the feverish brow of the invalid and contributing to their pleasure by her angelic presence.

Fanny was a lovely being, such as we delight in worshiping. Her form was one of nature's choicest mould. Her eyes were black as the raven tresses which hung in glossy ringlets over her neck and shoulders. Her every motion was graceful and swan-like; not that of studied grace, but of elegant ease, blended with an expression of mind and manners. To cut short the description, imagine the beauty of a Venus, and the charms of Grace, and you have no unapt embodiment of our heroine.

It was evening of the day succeeding the one that found Mr. Wilton and Henry engaged in conversation, the tenor of which the reader is already acquainted with, that we find Fanny seated at the piano, trumpling the keys with the carelessness of her delicate finger, and occasionally casting a hasty glance at the half open door. As time wore on her restlessness increased and she commenced walking the floor with an impatient step. Suddenly she stops and leaning her head forward and listening a moment, exclaims, "He is come!"

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"Yes, Henry, I have been informed from a reliable source, that you allowed your passion to get the better of your discretion, and indulge in a street brawl, which cannot but bring disgrace to yourself, and discredit to my establishment, if I allow it to pass unheeded."

This was spoken in a high degree of excitement, which did not tend to decrease the irritated feelings of the clerk.

"Yes, Henry, I am aware of your endeavors to accumulate a sufficient sum to meet our expenses when you and I are one, although I have repeatedly promised to bring with me, at my marriage, a sufficient sum to support us in the most sumptuous style."

"Fanny, as I have said before, I am determined to secure an honest and independent situation, one that will afford a competence suitable for our every want; till that be accomplished, I trust you will remain steadfast and true to the love I bear you."

"Yes, or guilty," sadly answered Bill.—

"But boys, I will stake my life on his firm adherence to our cause, for we have his solemn pledge to remain faithful to us; and the man does not live, that can truthfully term Henry St. John a liar."

"Well, it may be so," said Bill, "but in my opinion, time will prove his innocence."

"Or guilty," exclaimed the others.

"Yes, or guilty," sadly answered Bill.—

"But boys, I will stake my life on his firm adherence to our cause, for we have his solemn pledge to remain faithful to us; and the man does not live, that can truthfully term Henry St. John a liar."

"But, Gentry, even you will allow that it looks a little suspicious."

No, Ned, the proof is not sufficient; perhaps he will explain it satisfactorily the next time we meet. At any rate I hope so," said Bill.

"It is evident your sympathies are on the side of the traitor," retorted Sam.

"This is so," chimed in Ned.

"Well, it may be so," said Bill, "but in my opinion, time will prove his innocence."

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"The only way to arrive at any definite conclusion is to prove him guilty, and I am the lad to help do it."

"Be it so," answered Bill, "convince me of his treachery, and I will sever the bonds of friendship that now exist between us, even if it cost me a life of misery."

"But, Gentry, even you will allow that it looks a little suspicious."

"Oh! a true story, of course;" answered John.

"Ferry vell, den."

"Dare vas once a goat old sheutleman (shoost like me) an, he had von dirty biddle boy, (shoost like you) An' you day he lead him swearing like a young fellain, as he vas—So he went to der winkle (corner) an' he dook aut a cowhides (shoos) as I an' going now) an' he dook (dis vay, you see) an' vooldope him, shooost so! An, den mine, tear shoo, he pull his eors, dis vay, an' smack his face dat vay, and dell him to go mitout his supper, shooost as you vill do this efening.

"Listen and I will tell you. A year ago I was residing in New York City.

You may recollect the terrible riot that occurred in Brooklyn between the natives and foreigners. While a procession of York boys were quietly proceeding to the ferry we were attacked by the foreign residents of the streets through which we passed. They rained a perfect shower of missiles from the windows down upon the hand below; the air was black with falling stones, and it must have cost much time and labor to have gathered them for use.

Our party marched steadily on, without breaking rank, until one of our number was struck down by a pistol ball, when we rushed for the house and a few of us entered without opposition. We had scarcely ascended the first flight of stairs when a door opened and a half dozen men made their appearance, looking as savage as hyenas. I looked around for those who entered with me; not a friend could I see save one of the boys who worked with me. We were there alone face to face with those stalwart Philistines. But what of that tho'! did not Sampson slay a thousand just such! So we chose our position, and our foes sprang upon us with the ferocity of tigers, and a howl that made the blood curdle in my veins. My companion now whispered to me, to take care of myself, as he was going to leave for a few minutes. At first I thought he intended to play the coward, but I was soon contrary. He ran to a window that fronted on the street, as though he intended to give alarm to those outside; this ruse started three of our assailants in pursuit of him, when he threw himself upon the floor, and the men, one after another, as they

city of Louisville, on the night of the 10th of July, presented an unusually gay and lively appearance. Everybody seemed astir, and the throngs of lads and bas-ses, as they sped merrily over the pavements, lent an air of cheerfulness to the scene that was pleasing, and even fascinating. Why this commotion? Let us follow and see if we can gain an inkling of what is going on. You accost the first person, and are informed that "Sam is to be seen and heard up town to-night."

Again we ask where are the ladies going; and the reply is "to hear and see Sam."

Well, suppose we go too, and see this hitherto mystical individual. Here we are inside the Hall, which is almost as capacious as the renowned Tammany of New York. Already it is filled with fair women and brave men," and the cry is, "still they come!"

It is mere fancy, or idle curiosity, that attracts this vast concourse of people, or is it the settled conviction of principle which had taken root in the hearts of all true Americans and aroused their sleeping energies to a lively activity.

The hall is filled to overflowing, and hundreds are unable to gain admittance, but still loitering near in the hope that there will be an opening by-and-by.

Another half hour, and the meeting will be called to order. In the meantime let us enter into the spirit of the scene around us. Directly in front of us are three young men engaged in a spirited debate.

"I tell you, Bill Gentry," says one,

there is no use in crying up about the innocence, it's all moonshine."

"I repeat again, Sam, nothing but proof will convince me of his treachery."

"Proof enough," exclaimed the third person, whom we will call Ned. "hasn't he been seen in conversation with some of the Sag Nichts?" isn't that proof sufficient to condemn any man, especially when he belongs to our party?"

"No, Ned, the proof is not sufficient; perhaps he will explain it satisfactorily the next time we meet. At any rate I hope so," said Bill.

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### Fresh Fruit in Hermetically Sealed Cans.

Public attention was very generally called to this subject last year by Arthur Burnham & Co., of Philadelphia, manufacturers of "Arthur's Patent Self-Sealing Cans and Jars," and large numbers of families all over the country were induced to try experiments, not only with Arthur's Cans, but with a variety of other cans offered to their notice. Arthur's Can, which is the simplest in construction and the easiest to use, is moreover the only one that we have ever seen with a single exception, that is constructed on right scientific principles. In the exception referred to, the can itself is in all respects less desirable, and few would have any hesitation in choosing between them. Arthur's can is entirely open at the top, with a channel around the mouth, filled with cement. It is sealed by heating the lid and pressing it into this cement, which is done in a moment. The cement is in the channel when the can is sold. The cans sustain no injury in opening, and may be used year after year. They are made stout, and also of fire-proof earthen ware.

We have thus particularly referred to this can, that our readers may know how to distinguish it from all others. It is, without doubt, the best yet offered to the public, and in an article of this kind only the best should be taken. We have used them ourselves, and know their quality. So have scores of our friends. Mr. Godley, of the Lady's Book, good authority, as every one knows, thus speaks on the subject:

"There were a variety of Self Sealing Cans offered to the public last year, and there will, in all probability, be a greater number during the coming season. Not one that we have seen bears any comparison, in our estimation with Arthur's; and our advice to all is, to try no other can or jar next year. This one will certainly keep fruit precisely in the condition in which it is sealed up, is simple in construction, and easy of use, and cannot, we believe, be equalled, far less excelled, by any vessel got up for the purpose of keeping fruit in a fresh condition by hermetical sealing."

**AMERICAN VICTORY IN HENDERSON.**—At the municipal election in the City of Henderson, on the 5th instant, all of the American nominees, from Mayor down to City assessor, were elected by over one hundred majority. This is the home of Hon. Archie Dixon.

The man who is struggling to overcome the corruption of his carnal nature, will appreciate the sentiment of the following simple lines.

Weep not for broad lands lost;  
Weep not for fair hopes crossed;  
Weep not when limbs wax old;  
Weep not when friends grow cold;  
Weep not that death must part  
Thine and the best loved heart;  
Yet weep—weep all thou can—  
Weep, weep, because thou art  
A sin-defiled man.

"Hans!" said a Dutchman to his urchin, whom he had just been thrashing for swearing at his mother, "vat's dat you're thinkin so wicked about, in de corner?"—"I ain't think nott'n." "You lie, you facebone—you thinks cot-tam—and I'll vipp you for dat."

"Bob, that is a fine horse you have there; what is he worth?"  
"Three hundred and fifty dollars."  
"No, not so much as that!"  
"Yes, every cent of it, and another fifty on top of it."

"Are you sure?"  
"Yes, I'll swear to it."  
"All right."

"What are you so inquisitive for?"  
"Merely for assessing purposes; I am the assessor of this ward, and I only want to know what you rated your nang at."

**THE Washington Union** says that many persons who were known Nothings a year ago have abandoned the order. Generally speaking, they were not only Known Nothings but fellows that hadn't the capacity to know anything.—Lou Journal.

**THE National Division of the Sons of Temperance of the United States** will meet in Lexington on the 4th day of June next. Jno. B. Gough and other celebrated speakers will be in attendance.

—There are no solid rocks in the extreme regions, owing to the severe frosts.

**DEATH OF EX-SENATOR DAWSON.**—The Hon. William C. Dawson, for many years a distinguished Senator of the United States from Georgia, died at Greesboro, in that State, on Tuesday, of neuralgia of the heart. Thus, within a brief period, the State of Georgia has lost three of her most eminent statesmen and ex-Senators.—Judge Berrien, Gov. Troup, and Mr. Dawson.

The editor of the Peru [Ind.] News having received a marriage notice, accompanied with a wedding cake, and a few lines of poetry, the latter to be affixed to the notice, and the former to be disposed of as he might see fit, says: "A lack of space debarred the one, and hunger consumed the other."

**THE following is the American State ticket of Illinois.**

For Governor—Col. W. B. Archer, of Clark county.

For Secretary of State—Anthony Thornton, of Selby county.

For Auditor—Hiram Barber, of Washington county.

For Treasurer—James Miller, of McLean county.

For State Superintendent—Ezra Jenkins, of Fayette.

In an affray, lately, Bloomfield, Mo., Dr. Flanagan killed Moses N. Hopper.

all ye that have not

**POLITICS IN NORTH CAROLINA.**—The friends of Fillmore, in the old North State, seem to be organizing for the approaching campaign with great spirit and energy. The American party there have just had a State Convention, by which a candidate for Governor was nominated, and Presidential Electors appointed. The Convention is said to be one of the largest, if not the largest ever held in the State. And what is still more auspicious, the greatest possible enthusiasm prevailed. The Hon. A. Gilmer, of Guilford county, was nominated as their candidate for Governor—the election coming off in August. Mr. Gilmer is represented as a man of powerful ability, and an effective and eloquent speaker. Success to him and the cause!

[Exchange paper.]

**CITY NOMINATIONS.**—The American party of the city of Lexington held a meeting on Friday evening last, for the purpose of nominating candidates for the offices of Marshal and Deputy Marshal, which are to be voted for the next August election. Mr. FRANCIS HOSTETTER received the nomination for the office of Marshal, and Mr. CHARLES H. WICKLIFF who now holds the office, was nominated for re-election to the office of Deputy Marshal. Mr. Hostetter is an active, energetic, efficient man, and possesses all the requisites necessary to constitute a first rate police officer. The nominee for the office of Deputy Marshal has been so long connected with the office that the citizens are perfectly familiar with the manner in which he discharges his duties. —[Lex. Ob. & Rep.]

A most distressing accident occurred at Lynchburg Va., on the afternoon of the 30th ult. Two students at the Lynchburg College, named Burk and Burton, respectively thirteen and fourteen years of age went bathing in Blackwater creek, with several other lads. Burton discovering Burks in a drowning condition, went to his rescue and sunk with him. Their bodies were recovered shortly afterwards. Their parents are residents of Lynchburg.

**THE WAR IN EUROPE.**—We are glad to notice that the "London Printing and Publishing Co." have commenced issuing a serial work upon this theme, which bids fair to rival or even surpass, if such a thing be possible, any of their previous illustrated publications. The work will be issued on the 1st and 15th of every month, in parts, at 25 and 50 cents each, and will be illustrated with splendid steel engravings, comprising portraits of celebrated commanders, battle scenes views, maps, &c. The work will be forwarded free by mails for six months, on receipt of \$3 and on the completion of the work, each subscriber the Seige of Sebastopol.

See the advertisement of S. D. Brain, American Agent 55 Dey street, New York in an other column.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills an infallible Remedy for Blotches on the Skin.—Edgar Mortimer, aged 25, of Third Street, Philadelphia, was for five years a severe sufferer with blotches on the skin the whole of his face, neck, arms, and hands being disfigured with them like small pox; he consulted several very clever medical men, who told him it was the predominating symptom of some disease, which alarmed him exceedingly; however, he took Holloway's pills immediately, and rubbed the Ointment on the parts affected, and in two weeks the whole of the blotches disappeared, and his health was considerably improved.

These remedies will cure the most deeply seated old wounds and ulcers, even of twenty years standing.

**August Election.**—We are authorised to announce A. H. WARD, Esq., as a candidate for Commonwealth's Attorney in the 9th Judicial District, composed of the counties of Kenton, Campbell, Pendleton, and Bracken.

**HOBBIE SCENE.**—Last night a man named James Humble, who had been suffering from the effects of intemperance for sometime past, was placed in our jail while in a fit of delirium tremens, and during the night hung himself.—From the position in which his body was found than evening, his death must have been horrible.

When discovered he was standing erect against his cell door, upheld by a handkerchief attached to the top of the door, his feet resting on the floor, his head lying on one shoulder, with his right hand against the cell door, and with his left hand grasping the padlock. The only way in which he could have hung himself, for he was a tall, tall man, was by climbing on top of the door, attaching the handkerchief, and then throwing himself off head foremost, thus breaking his neck; but even after this was accomplished his position indicated that there must have been a struggle to terrible to contemplate.

[Georgetown Journal.]

**HOBBIE CATASTROPHE.**—A lad by the name of Frank Downes, employed in a lock factory, while stooping to pick up a lock, his apron became entangled in the belter, and he was drawn up instantly over the shaft, which makes about 100 revolution per minute, and crushed to a pumice—his brains bespattering the ceiling and various parts of the room. The lad gave a single shriek, and all was over—the work of an instant. The machinery, thus clogged, stopped immediately, and this was the first intimation that his fellow workmen had of the catastrophe that had occurred.—J. H. Register.

**YAZOO CITY ELECTION.**—At the recent election of town officers in Yazoo City, Mississippi, the Know Nothings succeeded in electing their candidates for Major and six out of eight Councilmen, by majorities ranging from 5 to 14. Both parties made their nominations and the election was warmly contested.

The Paris letter writers tell numberless sweet stories about the Empress and her baby. One of the latest that is somewhat savory, runs thus:

The young Napoleon is introduced to his beautiful mother once a day, and once only. But the visit is a very long one. The Empress cannot part with him, and nothing but the recollection of Moo's well known words—

"But yet, though blooming, must still be fed;" induces her to consent to his departure Why don't she feed him?

Four men were buried by the caving in of a coal bank, in Blue Rock, about 12 miles from Zanesville, Ohio, last Friday morning. It was supposed that they were still alive at a late hour on Saturday night, and a great number of people were working hard to dig away the earth, and rescue if possible, the unfortunate from their possible situation. Great excitement prevailed in the neighborhood.

In an affray, lately, Bloomfield, Mo., Dr. Flanagan killed Moses N. Hopper.

The editor of the Pittstown (Pa.) Gazette and Journal apologizes to his readers for a lack of editorial matter, in consequence of his having suffered almost everything but death by an aching tooth and inflamed face for the greater part of the week.

The Manitowac (Wis.) Tribune says that the air in that region, is darkened with pigeons, resembling swarms of bees, and that "reverberating reports of all kinds of small arms—from the deep-toned musket to the light fowling piece are heard from 'rosy morn to dewy eve,' and the ground, strewn with the dead and the dying, indicates a fall in the meat market."

Mrs. Sarah A. Bullock, of Granville, N. C. has transported the editor of the Clarksville (Va.) Tobacco Plant to the seventh heaven of delight by sending him a bunch of Asparagus, some of the spurs of which measured twelve and a half inches in length, and three and one eighth in circumference!

A work has just been published, which relates to dog-breaking. Our Opinion is, that the best way to break a dog is to prick his neck.

**THE next State Fair of Missouri** will be held at Booneville on the 1st Monday in October. \$3 500 in premiums have been fixed upon, \$500 of which are in sweepstakes premiums. Fifty dollars are offered for the best essay on Scientific and Practical Agriculture. Prof. G. C. Swallow, State Geologist, was elected to deliver the annual address.

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**HAVING** taken the the spacious Ware House recently built by Borden Brothers, we are now prepared to have a large quantity of timber and lumber, and any articles required for building, or any other material required for the same, sent to us.

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